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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/705,152	11/02/2000	Martin Hering	17857.4	4568	
7590 07/19/2004 Carl M Napolitano Ph D ALLEN DYER DOPPELT MILBRATH & GILCHRIST P A			EXAM	EXAMINER	
			STRIMBU, C	STRIMBU, GREGORY J	
P O Box 3791	DOPPELI MILBRATH	& GILCHRIST P A	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Orlando, FL 32802-3791			3634		
			DATE MAILED: 07/19/2004	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	4			
Office And O	09/705,152	HERING, MARTIN	1			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Gregory J. Strimbu	3634				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence ad	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REITHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a lif NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may reply within the statutory minimum of to od will apply and will expire SIX (6) M tute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed thirty (30) days will be considered timely ONTHS from the mailing date of this co	y. ommunication.			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26	<u> April 2004</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ T						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice unde	r Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C	.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 62,64-66 and 86-93 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 62, 64-66 and 86-93 is/are rejected 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and an applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the oath or declaration is objected to by the	ccepted or b) objected to objected to objected to object of the drawing (s) be held in abey ection is required if the drawing	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CF	, ,			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line	nts have been received. nts have been received in iority documents have bee eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No on received in this National S	Stage			
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	v Summary (PTO-413) b(s)/Mail Date i Informal Patent Application (PTO- 	-152)			
	Action Summary	Part of Paper No (Mail Dai	to 20040742			

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

Claims 87 and 91-93 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Recitations such as "an arm" on line 3 of claim 87 render the claims indefinite because it is unclear if the applicant is referring to the arm set forth above or is attempting to set forth another arm in addition to the one set forth above. Recitations such as "thereby" on line 16 of claim 87 render the claims indefinite because it is unclear if the applicant is referring to the sleeve or the alternate sleeve.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 62, 64-66 and 86-90 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Harrison et al. in view of Nica. Harrison et al. discloses a turnstile (not generally numbered, but seen in figure 1) defining a passageway (not shown, but see lines 1-19 of column 1), the turnstile having an arm 3 movable into the passageway for blocking passage of a person passing therethrough, the arm movable out of the passageway for permitting passage therethrough, the arm having an outside surface (not numbered, but best seen in figure 5), a sleeve 27 easily slidable onto and off the

arm, advertising 30 carried by the sleeve, wherein the advertising covers a substantial portion of the sleeve and is positioned for viewing by the person passing through the passageway when the arm is positioned therein, a collar 28, each of the arms carries different indicia as shown in figure 2. Harrison et al. is silent concerning the arm having a generally circular outside surface in cross section and the sleeve encircling a substantial portion of the arm.

However, Nica discloses a turnstile comprising arms 18 each having a generally circular outside surface in cross section and sleeves 68 encircling a substantial portion of the arm outside surface defined by the generally circular cross section.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide Harrison et al. with tubular arms and tubular sleeves, as taught by Nica, to improve the aesthetic appearance of the turnstile.

Additionally, the manufacture of the apparatus disclosed by Harrison et al. in view of Nica would inherently lead to the method steps recited in claims 62-85.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed April 26, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to the applicant's comments concerning Harrison et al., the examiner respectfully disagrees. Figure 5 of Harrison et al. shows the advertising 30 covering a substantial portion of the sleeve 27. In other words, the advertising 30 covers the horizontally extending face of the sleeve 27 which comprises a substantial

portion of the sleeve. Therefore, Harrison et al. teaches providing a sleeve 27 with advertising such that the advertising covers a substantial portion of the sleeve 27. It should be noted that Nica teaches encircling a substantial portion of a circular arm of a turnstile with a sleeve. Thus, the combination of the teachings of Harrison et al. and Nica would lead to the applicant's claimed invention.

In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). It is well known in the art to provide turnstiles with generally cylindrically shaped arms to give the turnstile an aesthetically appealing appearance and to reduce the amount of injuries/discomfort to people using the turnstile. Merely "updating" the old turnstile construction of Harrison et al. is well within the grasp of one with ordinary skill in the art.

Finally, the applicant's "evidence" of success is not persuasive. Establishing a long felt need requires objective evidence that an art recognized problem existed in the art for a long period of time without solution. Thus, the need must have been a persistent one that was recognized by those of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Gershon, 372 F.2d 535, 539, 152 USPQ 602, 605 (CCPA 1967). The declaration of Martin Hering and the exhibits A-Q fail to provide any evidence that an art recognized problem existed in the art for a long period of time without solution. While fulfillment of a long felt need is some evidence of non-obviousness, it is not necessarily conclusive

evidence. See Leinoff v. Louis Milona & Sons, Inc., 726 F.2d 734, 220 USPQ 845 (Fed. Cir. 1984). Finally, it should be noted that none of the evidence presented by the applicant addresses the combination of the teachings of Harrison et al. and Nica.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gregory J. Strimbu whose telephone number is 703-305-3979. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:00 to 4:30.

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lanna Mai can be reached on 703-308-2486. The fax phone number for the

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organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Gregory J. Strimbu

Primary Examiner

Art Unit 3634 July 13, 2004